

1. A method of processing an image, comprising the steps of:  
obtaining content data about a plurality of pixels in an image;  
grouping pixels having similar content data to form a plurality of line segments;  
associating line segments from said plurality of line segments into at least a first window and a second window, wherein said first window and said second window represent similar pixels according to said content data; and  
storing information pertaining to said line segments determined during said step of associating, wherein said information associates each line segment with a corresponding window.

2. The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:  
reading said information stored during said step of storing; and  
assigning a final identifier to each pixel of said plurality of pixels, such that said final identifier corresponds to said information stored during said step of storing.

3. The method of claim 1, further comprising, before the step of assigning, the steps of:

determining a desired output characteristic of at least said first window; and  
incorporating said desired output characteristic in said information.

4. The method of claim 1, further comprising, after the step of assigning, the step of outputting to an output device, said image in the form of said plurality of pixels designated by said final identifiers.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein said step of grouping involves grouping pixels of only two rows of pixels at any one time.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein said step of associating involves grouping line segments by searching for a base identifier.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein said step of associating involves assigning a line segment identifier to each of said line segments.

[illegible]

8. The method of claim 1, wherein said step of associating involves assigning a line segment identifier to each of said line segments, wherein said line segment identifier is determined by line segment identifiers of neighboring line segments.
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9. The method of claim 8, wherein line segment identifier is similar to line segment identifiers of neighboring line segments formed of similar pixels according to said content data.
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10. The method of claim 9, wherein said step of storing involves a single memory location for each unique line segment identifier.
11. The method of claim 1, further comprising, after the step of storing, the step of processing said information to combine said first window and said second window into a single window if said single window would represent similar pixels according to said content data.
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12. The method of claim 11, wherein said step of processing comprises the steps of: reading a first memory location to determine a first memory location content; pointing to a further memory location corresponding to said first memory location content; if said first memory location content does not point to said first memory location, reading a further memory location content of said further memory location; continuing to point to succeeding memory locations until a memory location content points to its own memory location and designating said memory location content as a base identifier; and writing a base identifier to said first memory location.
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13. The method of claim 1, wherein said content data is a pixel tag for each pixel of said plurality of pixels.
14. The method of claim 1, wherein said image is a multiple-page document.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein said input device is a scanner.

comparing a first identifier of a first line segment on a first line on said image to a second identifier of a second line segment on a second line on said image, wherein said first line and said second line are parallel to a first axis and said first line segment

if said first identifier does not equal said second identifier, conducting a base identifier search to determine a base identifier for said first line segment.

15 if said first identifier does equal said second identifier, comparing said second  
 identifier to a third identifier of a third line segment on a third line, wherein said third  
 line is parallel to said first axis and proximate to said second line and said second line  
 segment overlaps said third line segment along said first axis; and

if said second identifier does not equal said third identifier, conducting a base  
20 identifier search for said second line segment.

reading a first memory location to determine a first memory location content;  
pointing to a further memory location corresponding to said first memory  
location content;

continuing to point to succeeding memory locations until a memory location

30 content points to its own memory location and designating said memory location content  
as a base identifier; and

writing said base identifier to said first memory location.

if said first segment tag does not equal said second segment tag, writing a second identifier into a second memory location and assigning said second identifier to said second line segment;

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reading a first memory location to determine a first memory location content;  
pointing to a further memory location corresponding to said first memory  
location content;

- 5 if said first memory location content does not point to said first memory location;  
reading a further memory location content of said further memory location;  
continuing to point to succeeding memory locations until a memory location  
content points to its own memory location and designating said memory location as a  
base identifier; and  
writing said base identifier to said first memory location.

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26. The method of processing an image of claim 25, further comprising the step of  
determining a location of a third line segment by identifying said third line segment on  
one of said first line and said second line, as contiguous with one of the group of said  
first line segment and said second line segment extending a lesser distance in a first  
15 direction along said first axis such that said third line segment overlaps a position of the  
other of said group of said first line segment and said second line segment along said  
first axis.

27. The method of processing an image of claim 25, wherein said first line segment  
20 and said second line segment are contiguous.

28. The method of processing an image of claim 25, wherein said first identifier is  
stored in a first side of a ping pong memory and said second identifier is stored in a  
second side of a ping pong memory.

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29. The method of processing an image of claim 25, wherein all line segments on  
said first line and all line segments on said second line are processed before processing  
line segments on a different line.

- 30 30. An apparatus for processing an image, comprising:  
a memory adapted to store at least one of the group of a first identifier of a first  
line segment on a first line and a second identifier of a second line segment on a second  
line; and

5    said first line segment;

31. The apparatus for processing an image of claim 30, wherein said base identifier search comprises the steps of:

pointing to a further memory location of said memory, corresponding to said first memory location content;

continuing to point to succeeding memory locations of said memory until a memory location content points to its own memory location and designating said memory location as a base identifier; and

32. The apparatus for processing an image of claim 30, wherein a first scan line of a page of said image is said first line and a last scan line of said page of said image is said second line and all remaining scan lines of said page of said image are selectively,

25 alternatively designated as said first line and said second line during processing.

33. The apparatus for processing an image of claim 30, wherein said first line segment and said second line segment are contiguous.

30 34. The apparatus of claim 30, further comprising an input device coupled to said processor to enable said processor to determine said first segment tag.

35. The method of claim 34, wherein said input device is a scanner.

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36. A method for processing an image, the method comprising the steps of:  
determining a pixel tag corresponding to a pixel content type of a pixel of a first row;

- 5 determining a pixel identifier based on said pixel tag and pixel identifiers of neighboring pixels in said first row and in a neighboring second row;  
forming line segments of neighboring pixels of said first row having common pixel identifiers; and  
reviewing line segments of said second row and said first row to associate line  
10 segments of said second row neighboring line segments of said first row and having common pixel tags.

37. The method of claim 36, further comprising the step of assigning a line segment identifier to each of said line segments, wherein said line segment identifier corresponds  
15 to said pixel identifiers of said pixels forming each of said line segment.

38. The method of claim 37, further comprising the step of storing said line segment identifiers for each of said line segments in said first row and said second row in a line segment memory.  
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39. The method of claim 36, further comprising the step of forming an identifier equivalence table to store said associations of said line segments of said second row neighboring line segments of said first row and having common pixel tags.

- 25 40. The method of claim 39, further comprising the step of performing a base identifier search to update said identifier equivalence table and associate line segments of at least a third row.

41. The method of claim 40, further comprising the step of processing said identifier  
30 equivalence table to assign window labels, wherein each window label is associated with an area of said image having pixels of a common content type.